PENKOV · MARKOV & PARTNERS

INTERNATIONAL LAW FIRM SINCE 1990



Brief outline of the non-profits/NGOs regime in Bulgaria

Potential registration options for non-profits/NGOs

According to Bulgarian legislation non-profit legal entities (NPOs) are all non-governmental organizations (NGOs) - foundations and associations.

The establishing of an association requires at least 3 to 7 founders as minimum. For establishing of a foundation sufficient is one person -founder, regardless of whether the foundation will be determined for private or public benefit. The founder is required to make a founding donation (in cash or other property).

Private or public benefit

When forming a non-profit organization, it is important to consider whether it will serve a public or private purpose.

An organization may be registered with a public purpose if its intended activities and aims will serve the interests of a broad number of people or address societal issues (as is the current case). Non-profit organizations in private benefit may change their status and be determined in public benefit, but the opposite is not possible. Non-profit organizations in public benefit receive tax relief from the state and the opportunity to manage state and municipal property under a lighter regime.

In view of the above the most favourable approach in case of persons/entities that wish to conduct humanitarian activities in Ukraine and for Ukrainian citizens would be to establish a NPO for a public benefit.

1. Procedure

NPOs in Bulgaria are established through an administrative procedure carried out before the Register of Non-Profit Legal Entities maintained by the Registry Agency. There is no fast-track procedure envisaged, but fortunately if all necessary incorporation documents are at hand, duly legalised (in event of a foreign participation in the NPO), the administrative procedure solely would not take more than 5 days till completed. The cost for the legalization of documents and the state fee in the Commercial register most often do not exceed 200 Euro.

Briefly, the procedure runs through two stages for both type of organizations: 1) preparation and execution of incorporation documents (statute/constitutive act, legal entity resolutions, specimens and others); 2) entry in the Register of Non-Profit Legal Entities.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

VI ADIMIR PENKOV NIKOLAY CVETANOV IVAN MARKOV MILENA GAIDARSKA ROMAN STOYANOV ATANAS VALOV LACHEZAR RAICHEV RADOST GEORGIEVA SMILENA HRUSANOVA ASEN APOSTOLOV NIKOLAY VOYNOV BORIS LAZAROV PAVEL TSANOV MARIA PASHALIEVA KOYCHO MARINOV VYARA TOMOVA RUMYANA YORDANOVA PLAMEN VALKANOV **DESISLAVA DIMITROVA** IVO NICKOLCHEV **BORIS STRIJLEV** VENCISLAV SEMKOV ANA KRUSTEVA ANGEL PANOROV SVETLA IVANOVA ZIYA CHOBAN TIHOMIR TISHEV PLAMEN ASPARUHOV EMIL PEEV KRASTYO GEORGIEV **OGNYAN MOUTEV** RALITSA BARASHKA GEORGI VALKOV VENELIN LIBDEV MAGDALENA OVCHAROVA **EVGENI NIKOLOV** ANTONIA STRESHKOVA NIKOLAY KOSHNICHAROV

ALEXANDER TONEV - Consultant

OFFICES IN BULGARIA

SOFIA, BURGAS, PLEVEN, VARNA, STARA ZAGORA, RUSSE, LOVETCH

MAIN OFFICE

13B, Tintyava Str., Floor 6 1113 Sofia, Bulgaria Tel. (+359 2) 971 39 35 Fax (+359 2) 971 11 91 lawyers@penkov-markov.eu www.penkov-markov.eu

LIC PENKOV, MARKOV & PARTNERS Management Services CEO Iskra Stefanova

IBS ACCOUNTING Payroll & Accounting Services

UNICREDIT BULBANK AD

BIC: UNCRBGSF BG66UNCR70001505933679 (BGN) BG17UNCR70001505934076 (EUR)

RAIFFEISENBANK (BULGARIA) EAD BIC: RZBBBGSF

BG25RZBB91551012327706 (BGN) BG43RZBB91551012327964 (EUR)









PENKOV · MARKOV & PARTNERS

INTERNATIONAL LAW FIRM **SINCE 1990**



2. Registration of branches of foreign NGOs/NPOs

Foreign NGOs may also establish branches in Bulgaria, if the activity objectives of these NGOs do not contradict to the public order and the Bulgarian laws. Branches of foreign NGOs are also registered in the Register of Non-Profit Legal Entities.

Upon registration, the following shall be stated: the name, seat and address of the parent non-profit organization, the name, seat and the address of management of the branch in Bulgaria, the manager of the branch, the envisaged limitations of his/her powers, as well as whether the branch will carry out public benefit activities.

Respective documents should be provided for the status of the parent NGO, attesting the very existence of the foreign NGO, the names of the persons authorised to representing it, according to the register in the country of origin, the manner of representation, etc. (for example, this may be a Certificate of Good Standing, issued by competent authority) and minutes with resolution by the foreign NGO for opening the Bulgarian branch.

The Bulgarian Private International Law Code stipulates that the branch of a legal entity is governed by the law of the country in which it is registered, therefore the provisions of Bulgarian law will apply to the branches of foreign NGOs in Bulgaria.







